

Real Analysis Master Comprehensive Exam
(August 2015)

Name:

Pick and circle four out of the five problems below, then solve them. If you rely on a theorem please state it carefully! *Good Luck!*

1. Consider the identity map $id : C_{max} \rightarrow C_{min}$ where C_{max} is the metric space $C([a, b], \mathbb{R})$ of continuous real valued functions defined on $[a, b]$, equipped with the max metric

$$d_{max}(f, g) = \max_{x \in [a, b]} |f(x) - g(x)|,$$

and C_{int} is $C([a, b], \mathbb{R})$ equipped with the integral metric,

$$d_{int}(f, g) = \int_a^b |f(x) - g(x)| dx$$

Prove that id is continuous but its inverse is not continuous.

2. Suppose M and N are metric spaces, that M is covering compact and that $f : M \rightarrow N$ is continuous. Use the Lebesgue number lemma to prove that f is uniformly continuous. [Hint: Consider the covering of N by $\epsilon/2$ -neighborhoods $\{N_{\epsilon/2}(q) : q \in N\}$ and its pre-image in M .]
3. Let (f_n) be a sequence of twice differentiable functions on $[0, 1]$ such that for all n , $f_n(0) = 0$ and $f'_n(0) = 0$. Suppose that $|f''_n(x)| \leq 2$ for all n, x . Prove that there is a subsequence of (f_n) which converges uniformly on $[0, 1]$.

4. Prove that if the terms of a sequence decrease monotonically, $a_1 \geq a_2 \geq \dots$, and converge to 0, then the series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k$ converges if and only if the associated dyadic series

$$a_1 + 2a_2 + 4a_4 + 8a_8 + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^k a_{2^k}$$

converges.

5. Let $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be Riemann integrable over $[b, 1]$ for every b such that $0 < b \leq 1$. If f is bounded, prove that f is Riemann integrable over $[0, 1]$.