

A better version of reverse problem

(4) For  $E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , invert  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

by using  $2 \times 2$  block version of Gauss-Jacobi algorithm.

Solution Equation:

$$\left[ \begin{array}{c|c} A & I \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{c|c|c|c} \textcircled{E} & 0 & I & 0 \\ \hline 2I & I & 0 & I \end{array} \right]$$

$\swarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> (block) pivot

will need

$$E^{-1} = \frac{1}{1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Gauss Step 1

$$\rightsquigarrow \textcircled{2} -2 E^{-1} \textcircled{1} \left[ \begin{array}{c|c|c|c} E & 0 & I & 0 \\ \hline 0 & I & -2E^{-1} & I \end{array} \right]$$

Gauss Step 2

$$\rightsquigarrow E^{-1} \textcircled{1} \left[ \begin{array}{c|c|c|c} I & 0 & E^{-1} & 0 \\ \hline 0 & I & -2E^{-1} & I \end{array} \right] \quad \text{Thus } A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} E^{-1} & 0 \\ -2E^{-1} & I \end{bmatrix}$$

(NOTE: No Jacobi steps needed.)

CHECK:  
(by block multiplication)

$$AA^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} E & 0 \\ 2I & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} E^{-1} & 0 \\ -2E^{-1} & I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} EE^{-1} & 0 \\ \underbrace{2IE^{-1} - I2E^{-1}}_0 & I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1}A = \dots = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

Final answer  $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$